

1. Introduction, Notation

We consider fluid systems dominated by the influence of interfacial tension. The roles of curvature pressure and Marangoni stress are elucidated in a variety of situations. Particular attention will be given to the dynamics of drops and bubbles, soap films and minimal surfaces, wetting phenomena, water-repellency, surfactants, Marangoni flows, capillary origami and contact line dynamics. Theoretical developments will be accompanied by classroom demonstrations. The role of surface tension in biology will be highlighted.

Notation

Nomenclature: σ denotes surface tension (at fluid-gas interface)

γ denotes interfacial tension (at fluid-fluid or fluid-solid interface).

Note on units: we will use predominantly *cgs* system.

Unit of force: 1 dyne = 1 g cm s⁻² = 10⁻⁵N as the *cgs* unit of force, roughly the weight of 1 mosquito.

Pressure: 1 atm \approx 100kPa = 10⁵N/m²=10⁶ dynes/cm².

Units: [σ]=dynes/cm=mN/m.

What is an interface?: roughness scale δ , from equality of surface and thermal energy get $\sigma\delta^2 \sim kT \Rightarrow \delta \sim (kT/\sigma)^{1/2}$. If $\delta \ll$ scales of experiment, can speak of a smooth interface.

1.1 Suggested References

While this list of relevant textbooks is far from complete, we include it as a source of additional reading for the interested student.

- **Capillarity and Wetting Phenomena: Drops, Bubbles, Pearls, Waves**
by P.G. de Gennes, F. Brochard-Wyart and D. Quéré. Springer Publishing.
A readable and accessible treatment of a wide range of capillary phenomena.
- **Molecular theory of capillarity**
by J.S. Rowlinson and B. Widom. Dover 1982.
- **Intermolecular and surface forces**
by J. Israelachvili. Academic Press, 2nd edition 1995.
- **Multimedia Fluid Mechanics**
Cambridge University Press, Ed. Bud Homsy.
A DVD with an extensive section devoted to capillary effects. Relevant videos will be used throughout the course.

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